

1.[3 ] 1940 Tacoma Narrows Bridge가  
3

2.[4 ] 가 O  
, X ( ) ,  
. ( )

(a) 2% , 0.2  
(beat) , 1%  
0.2  
( )

(b) , 0 가  
( )

3.[4 ] The response of an underdamped 1-DOF system excited by a harmonic cosine force is

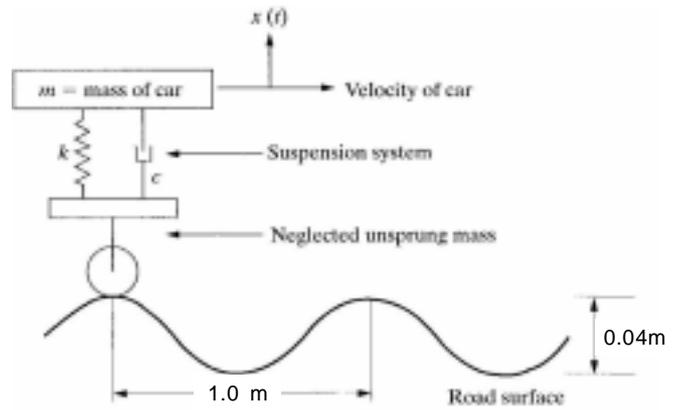
$$x(t) = A e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_d t + \phi) + X \cos(\omega t - \theta)$$

(a) For the system of mass  $m = 20$  kg, spring stiffness  $k = 30,000$  N/m, damping coefficient  $c = 600$  kg/s, calculate the steady state amplitude  $X$  and phase  $\theta$  if the harmonic force is 800 N at 12 Hz.

(b) For the system of damping ratio  $\zeta = 0.25$ , undamped natural frequency  $\omega_n = 40$  rad/s, driving frequency  $\omega = 10$  rad/s, steady-state amplitude  $X = 0.004$  m, and phase  $\theta = 0.133$  rad, calculate the amplitude  $A$  and phase  $\phi$  of the response if the system was initially at rest.

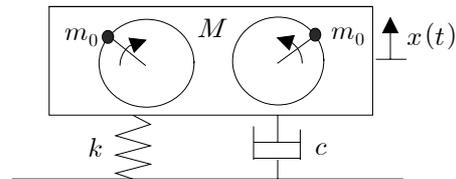
4.[6 ] 1 2 (가  
segway)가 sine  
15 km/h

$$y(t) = Y \sin \omega_b t$$



(a)  $f$  Hz ,  
 $Y$   $\omega_b$  .  
(b)  $\omega_n = 16.5$  rad/s ,  
 $\zeta = 0.150$  ,  $X_b$  .

5.[6 ]  $M$   
 $m_0$  가  $e$   
1  $N$  .



(a)  $M$   
(free-body diagram) ,  
. ( )  
(b)  $N = 1200$  rpm ,  $M = 10$  kg ,  
 $m_0$  가 0.2 kg ,  $e$   
0.05 m .  $k$  가 15,000 N/m  
,  $c$  가 300 kg/s .  
mm 가?

6.[4 ] 10 kg,  $\zeta$  가 0.20,  
 $\omega_n = 8.0$  rad/s , 가,  $t$   
 $= 0$   $\dot{x}(0) = 20$  mm/s  
 $t = 5$  s 1.0 N·s  
 $x$  가 .

(a)  $0 < t < 5$  s  $x(t)$  .  
(b)  $t > 5$  s  $x(t)$  .

1. <1 > (vortex)  
 <2 > 가  $\omega$  가  
 <3 > ( $\omega_n$ ) ( $\omega$ )가 ( $\omega_n = \omega$ )  
 <4 >

2. (a) O  $T_1 = \frac{2\pi}{|\omega_1 - \omega_0|} = \frac{2\pi}{|1.02\omega_0 - \omega_0|} = \frac{2\pi}{0.02\omega_0} = 0.2 \text{ s}$   
 $T_2 = \frac{2\pi}{|\omega_2 - \omega_0|} = \frac{2\pi}{|1.01\omega_0 - \omega_0|} = \frac{2\pi}{0.01\omega_0} = 2 \frac{2\pi}{0.02\omega_0} = 2 (0.2 \text{ s})$

(b) O ( )

3. (a)  $m = 20 \text{ kg}$ ,  $k = 30,000 \text{ N/m}$ ,  $c = 600 \text{ kg/s}$ ,  $F_0 = 800 \text{ N}$ ,  $f = 12 \text{ Hz}$

$$\omega = (2\pi \text{ rad})(12 \text{ Hz}) = 75.4 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{30,000 \text{ N/m}}{20 \text{ kg}}} = 38.7 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \zeta = \frac{600 \text{ kg/s}}{2\sqrt{(20 \text{ kg})(30,000 \text{ N/m})}} = 0.387$$

$$r = \frac{75.4}{38.7} = 1.95$$

$$f_0 = \frac{800 \text{ N}}{20 \text{ kg}} = 40 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$X = \frac{40}{\sqrt{(38.7^2 - 75.4^2)^2 + [2(0.387)(38.7)(75.4)]^2}} = 0.00841 \text{ (m)} = 8.41 \text{ mm}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{2(0.387)(38.7)(75.4)}{38.7^2 - 75.4^2} = \tan^{-1}(-0.539) \quad (\theta > 0)$$

$$= -0.495 + \pi = 2.65 \text{ rad} (= 151^\circ)$$

(b)  $\zeta = 0.25$ ,  $\omega_n = 40 \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $\omega = 10 \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $X = 0.004 \text{ m}$ ,  $\theta = 0.133 \text{ rad}$

$$\omega_d = \sqrt{1 - (0.25)^2} (40 \text{ rad/s}) = 38.7 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\zeta \omega_n = (0.25)(40 \text{ rad/s}) = 10 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$x(t) = A e^{-10t} \sin(38.7 t + \phi) + (0.004 \text{ m}) \cos(10 t - 0.133)$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = -10 A e^{-10t} \sin(38.7 t + \phi) + 38.7 A e^{-10t} \cos(38.7 t + \phi) - (0.04 \text{ m/s}) \sin(10 t - 0.133)$$

$$x(0) = A \sin\phi + (0.004 \text{ m}) \cos 0.133 = 0$$

$$A \sin\phi = -0.00396 \text{ m} < 0 \quad \dots$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = -10 A \sin\phi + 38.7 A \cos\phi + (0.04 \text{ m/s}) \sin 0.133 = 0$$

$$A \cos\phi = [(10)(-0.00396) - 0.00530]/38.7 = -0.0449/38.7$$

$$= -0.00116 \text{ (m)} < 0 \quad \dots$$

$$A = \sqrt{(-0.00396)^2 + (-0.00116)^2} = 0.00413 \text{ (m)} = 4.13 \text{ mm}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{-0.00396}{-0.00116} = \tan^{-1}(3.41) \quad (\phi \text{ 3 } )$$

$$= 1.29 + \pi \text{ rad} = 4.43 \text{ rad} (= 254^\circ)$$

$$4. (a) Y = \frac{1}{2}(0.04 \text{ m}) = 0.02 \text{ m}$$

$$f = (15 \text{ km/h}) \left( \frac{1 \text{ cycle}}{0.001 \text{ km}} \right) \left( \frac{1 \text{ hour}}{3600 \text{ s}} \right) = 4.17 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\omega_b = (4.17 \text{ Hz}) \left( \frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{1 \text{ cycle}} \right) = 26.2 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$(b) r = \frac{\omega_b}{\omega_n} = \frac{26.2 \text{ rad/s}}{16.5 \text{ rad/s}} = 1.588, \quad \zeta = 0.150$$

$$X_b = Y \frac{\sqrt{1 + (2\zeta r)^2}}{\sqrt{(1 - r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}} = (0.02 \text{ m}) \frac{\sqrt{1 + [2(0.15)(1.588)]^2}}{\sqrt{[1 - (1.588)^2]^2 + [2(0.15)(1.588)]^2}}$$

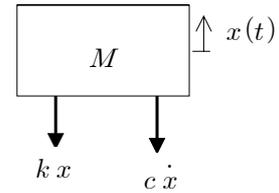
$$= (0.02 \text{ m}) (0.695) = 0.0139 \text{ m} = 13.9 \text{ mm}$$

$$5. (a) -kx - c\dot{x} = (M - 2m_0)\ddot{x} + 2m_0 \frac{d^2}{dt^2}(x + e \sin \omega_r t)$$

$$= M\ddot{x} - 2m_0\ddot{x} + 2m_0\ddot{x} - 2m_0 e \omega_r^2 \sin \omega_r t$$

$$M\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = 2m_0 e \omega_r^2 \sin \omega_r t$$

$$M\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = 2m_0 e \left( \frac{2\pi N}{60} \right)^2 \sin \frac{2\pi N}{60} t$$



$$(b) \omega_r = (2\pi \text{ rad}) (1,200 \text{ 1/min}) \left( \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) = 125.7 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{M}} = \sqrt{\frac{15,000 \text{ N/m}}{10 \text{ kg}}} = 38.7 \text{ rad/s}, \quad r = \frac{\omega_r}{\omega_n} = \frac{125.7}{38.7} = 3.25$$

$$\zeta = \frac{c}{2\sqrt{Mk}} = \frac{300 \text{ kg/s}}{2\sqrt{(10 \text{ kg})(15,000 \text{ N/m})}} = 0.387$$

$$X_r = \frac{2m_0 e}{M} \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{(1 - r^2)^2 + (2\zeta r)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{2(0.2 \text{ kg})(0.05 \text{ m})}{10 \text{ kg}} \frac{(3.25)^2}{\sqrt{(1 - 3.25^2)^2 + [2(0.387)(3.25)]^2}}$$

$$= (0.002 \text{ m}) (1.068) = 0.00214 \text{ m} = 2.14 \text{ mm}$$

$$6. (a) m = 10 \text{ kg}, \quad \zeta = 0.20, \quad \omega_n = 8.0 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \dot{x}(0) = v_0 = 20 \text{ mm/s}$$

$$\zeta \omega_n = (0.20)(8.0 \text{ rad/s}) = 1.6 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \omega_d = (8.0 \text{ rad/s}) \sqrt{1 - 0.20^2} = 7.84 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$x(t) = A e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} \sin(\omega_d t + \phi) \quad x(0) = A \sin \phi = 0 \quad \dots$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = A e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} [-\zeta \omega_n \sin(\omega_d t + \phi) + \omega_d \cos(\omega_d t + \phi)]$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = A (-\zeta \omega_n \sin \phi + \omega_d \cos \phi) = v_0$$

$$A \cos \phi = \frac{v_0}{\omega_d} = \frac{20 \text{ mm/s}}{7.84 \text{ rad/s}} = 2.55 \text{ mm} > 0 \quad \dots$$

$$, \quad \phi = 0, \quad A = 2.55 \text{ mm}, \quad x(t) = 2.55 e^{-1.6t} \sin(7.84 t) \text{ mm}$$

$$(b) \frac{\hat{F}}{m \omega_d} = \frac{1.0 \text{ N} \cdot \text{s}}{(10 \text{ kg})(7.84 \text{ rad/s})} = 0.01276 \text{ m} = 12.76 \text{ mm}$$

$$x_2(t) = \frac{\hat{F}}{m \omega_d} e^{-\zeta \omega_n (t - \tau)} \sin \omega_d (t - \tau) = (12.76 \text{ mm}) e^{-1.6(t - 5)} \sin 7.84(t - 5)$$

$$x(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t)$$

$$= 2.55 e^{-1.6t} \sin(7.84 t) + 12.76 e^{-1.6(t - 5)} \sin 7.84(t - 5) \text{ mm}$$