

2009. 4. 21.

1. [6] Transducer가 sensing, conditioning, storage, display, analysis, processing, actuation .
 (a) sensing actuation .
 (b) conditioning processing .
 (c) storage, display, analysis .

2. [4] 2-port transducer input port output port power conjugate variable (e_1, f_1) (e_2, f_2) , input output

$$e_2 = a e_1 + b f_1 \quad f_2 = c e_1 + d f_1$$

 nonenergetic 2-port transducer transformer equation
 gyrator relation .

- 3.[6] parallel plate capacitor transducer
 $(d+x)$, capacitor .

$$E = \frac{q^2 (d+x)}{2 \epsilon A} \quad (q : \text{charge}, \epsilon : \text{permittivity}, A : \text{area})$$

 (a) e x F q .
 (b) $\hat{e}$ x , sensor sensitivity

$$e = e_0 + \hat{e} \quad q = q_0 + \hat{q}$$

 (c) $\hat{e}$ $\hat{F}$ $e = e_0 + \hat{e} \quad F = F_0 + \hat{F}$.

4. [4] 가 $h \times w \times l$ (電歪, electrostriction) h
 , capacitance .

$$C = \frac{\epsilon w l}{h} \quad (\epsilon = \epsilon(\rho) : \text{permeability}, \rho : \text{mass density})$$

 electric charge가 q electric energy .

$$E = \frac{q^2}{2C}$$

 h electrostrictive force (Poisson ν).
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5.[5] eddy current transducer .

6.[10] , mechanical stress T_i , electric field E_m ,
magnetic strength H_m , temperature θ , mechanical strain
 S_i , electric displacement D_m , magnetic field B_m , entropy σ
 . ($i = 1, 2, \dots, 6$; $m = 1, 2, 3$)

$$S_i = s_{ij}^{E,H,\theta} T_j + d_{mi}^{H,\theta} E_m + d_{mi}^{E,\theta} H_m + \alpha_i^{E,H} d\theta$$

$$D_m = d_{mi}^{H,\theta} T_i + \epsilon_{mk}^{T,H,\theta} E_k + m_{mk}^{T,\theta} H_k + p_m^{T,H} d\theta$$

$$B_m = d_{mi}^{E,\theta} T_i + m_{mk}^{T,\theta} E_k + \mu_{mk}^{T,E,\theta} H_k + i_m^{T,E} d\theta$$

$$d\sigma = \alpha_i^{E,H} T_i + p_m^{T,H} E_m + i_m^{T,E} H_m + \frac{\rho c_i^{E,H,T}}{\theta} d\theta$$

(a) magnetic effect thermal effect 가 ,
(piezoelectric) (constitutive equations)
, material property .

(b) (a) , (z) 가 1-3 .

(c) (a) matrix (, T E S
D), S D T E .

(d) strain displacement $x = [l] S$
stress force $F = [A] T$
electric displacement charge $q = [A^*] D$
electric field voltage $e = [l^*] E$

(a) (c) effort variable F e flow variable x
 q .

(e) elastic(mechanical) effect magnetic effect 가
, (pyroelectric) , material
property .

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2009. 6. 16.

1. [6] mechanical stress T_i , electric field E_m , magnetic strength H_m , temperature θ , mechanical strain S_i , electric displacement D_m , magnetic field B_m , entropy σ

. ($i = 1, 2, \dots, 6$; $m = 1, 2, 3$)

$$S_i = s_{ij}^{E,H,\theta} T_j + d_{mi}^{H,\theta} E_m + d_{mi}^{E,\theta} H_m + \alpha_i^{E,H} d\theta$$

$$D_m = d_{mi}^{H,\theta} T_i + \epsilon_{mk}^{T,H,\theta} E_k + m_{mk}^{T,\theta} H_k + p_m^{T,H} d\theta$$

$$B_m = d_{mi}^{E,\theta} T_i + m_{km}^{T,\theta} E_k + \mu_{mk}^{T,E,\theta} H_k + i_m^{T,E} d\theta$$

$$d\sigma = \alpha_i^{E,H} T_i + p_m^{T,H} E_m + i_m^{T,E} H_m + \frac{\rho c_i^{E,H,T}}{\theta} d\theta$$

- (a) piezomagnetism (constitutive equations),
(b) piezomagnetism, effort variable(M, F) flow variable(ϕ, x) standard form
(c) pyromagnetism (constitutive equations),

2. [6] thermoelectricity Seebeck

- (a) Seebeck 가?
(b) Seebeck thermocouple 가?

3. [6] intensity-modulated fiber optic sensor

- (a) extrinsic sensors : (a1) transmission type, (a2) internal reflection type, (a3) reflection type
(b) intrinsic sensors : (b1) property-change type (b2) bending type ()

conductance

(a) conductance conductance matrix $[g]$

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