

[1.3절]

1.54 $\omega_n = 2 \text{ rad/s}$, $\zeta = 0.1$, $v_0 = 0$ 이고, 초기변위 $x_0 = 10, 100 \text{ mm}$ 에 대해 $x(t)$ plot.

$$x(t) = A e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_d t + \phi), \quad \dot{x}(t) = A e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} [-\zeta\omega_n \sin(\omega_d t + \phi) + \omega_d \cos(\omega_d t + \phi)]$$

$$x(0) = A \sin\phi = x_0 > 0 \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = A (-\zeta\omega_n \sin\phi + \omega_d \cos\phi) = v_0 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A \cos\phi = \frac{\zeta\omega_n x_0}{\omega_d} = \frac{\zeta}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} x_0 = \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{1-0.1^2}} x_0 = 0.1005 x_0 > 0 \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

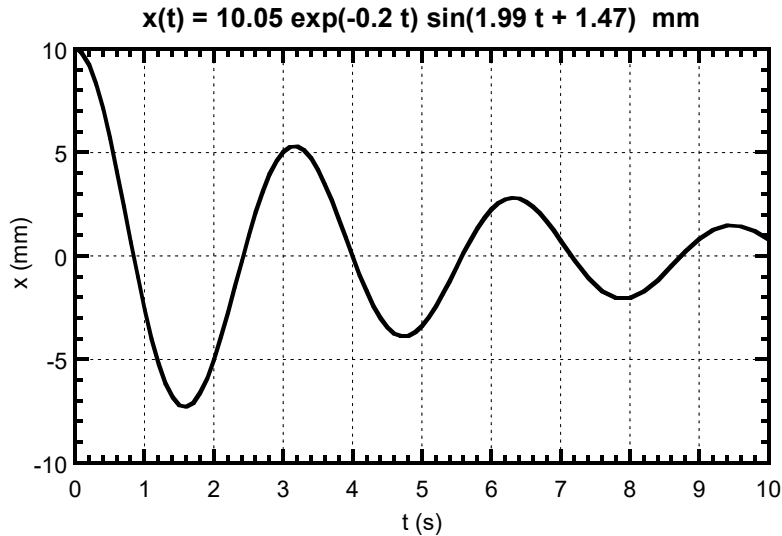
$$\textcircled{1}^2 + \textcircled{2}^2 \Rightarrow A = \sqrt{1^2 + 0.1005^2} x_0 = 1.005 x_0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \div \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow \phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{1}{0.1005} = \tan^{-1}(9.95) = 84.2^\circ = 1.471 \text{ rad}$$

$$\zeta\omega_n = (0.1)(2 \text{ rad/s}) = 0.2 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \omega_d = \sqrt{1-0.1^2}(2 \text{ rad/s}) = 1.990 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$x(t) = 1.005 x_0 e^{-0.2t} \sin(1.990 t + 1.471)$$

$$x_0 = 10 \text{ mm일 때}, \quad x(t) = 1.005 (10 \text{ mm}) e^{-0.2t} \sin(1.990 t + 1.471) \\ = 10.05 e^{-0.2t} \sin(1.990 t + 1.471) \text{ mm}$$



$$x_0 = 100 \text{ mm일 때}, \quad x(t) = 1.005 (100 \text{ mm}) e^{-0.2t} \sin(1.990 t + 1.471) \\ = 100.5 e^{-0.2t} \sin(1.990 t + 1.471) \text{ mm}$$

