



1. (a) ( : , )  
 (b) ( )

2. (a) O  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{3k}{6m}}$  ,  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k/2}{m}}$   
 (b) X  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{g}{2L}}$  ,  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}$   
 (c) X  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{2g}{L+2h}}$  ,  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{2g}{2L+2h}}$

3. (a)  $k_{eq} = k + 2k + k_b = 3k + \frac{3EI}{L^3}$   
 $-k_{eq}x = m\ddot{x}$   $m\ddot{x} + k_{eq}x = 0$

$$m\ddot{x} + \left(3k + \frac{3EI}{L^3}\right)x = 0 , \quad \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{3\left(k + \frac{EI}{L^3}\right)}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{3(kL^3 + EI)}{mL^3}}$$

(b)  $k_t = \frac{GJ_p}{L} = \frac{G}{L}\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi r^4\right)$

$$-k_t\theta - k(R\theta)R = J\ddot{\theta} \quad J\ddot{\theta} + (k_t + kR^2)\theta = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mR^2\ddot{\theta} + \left(\frac{\pi r^4 G}{2L} + kR^2\right)\theta = 0 , \quad \omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{\pi r^4 G}{2L} + kR^2}{\frac{1}{2}mR^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi r^4 G + 2kR^2 L}{mR^2 L}}$$

4. (a)  $\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{10.5 \text{ N/m}}{3.3 \text{ kg}}} = 1.78 \text{ rad/s}$

$$\zeta = \frac{c}{2\sqrt{mk}} = \frac{3.8 \text{ N/(m/s)}}{2\sqrt{(3.3 \text{ kg})(10.5 \text{ N/m})}} = 0.323$$

$$\omega_d = \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2} \omega_n = \sqrt{1 - 0.323^2} (1.78 \text{ rad/s}) = 1.68 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{\omega_d} = \frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{1.68 \text{ rad/s}} = 3.73 \text{ s}$$

(b)  $x(t) = A e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} [\cos\omega_d t \cos\theta + \sin\omega_d t \sin\theta] = e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} [A\cos\theta \cos\omega_d t + A\sin\theta \sin\omega_d t]$

$$A_1 = A\cos\theta , \quad A_2 = A\sin\theta$$

$$A = \sqrt{A_1^2 + A_2^2} , \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{A_2}{A_1}$$

(c)  $\omega_n = 10.0 \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $\zeta = 0.23$ ,  $x_0 = -1.5 \text{ mm}$ ,  $v_0 = 1.0 \text{ mm/s}$

$$\omega_d = \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2} \omega_n = \sqrt{1 - 0.23^2} (10.0 \text{ rad/s}) = 9.73 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\dot{x}(t) = A e^{-\zeta \omega_n t} [-\zeta \omega_n \sin(\omega_d t + \phi) + \omega_d \cos(\omega_d t + \phi)]$$

$$x(0) = A \sin \phi = x_0 = -1.5 \text{ mm} < 0 \quad \dots$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = A [-\zeta \omega_n \sin \phi + \omega_d \cos \phi] = v_0$$

$$-\zeta \omega_n x_0 + \omega_d A \cos \phi = v_0$$

$$A \cos \phi = \frac{v_0 + \zeta \omega_n x_0}{\omega_d} = \frac{(1.0 \text{ mm/s}) + (0.23)(10.0 \text{ rad/s})(-1.5 \text{ mm})}{9.73 \text{ rad/s}}$$

$$= -0.25 \text{ mm} < 0 \quad \dots$$

$$, \quad \sin \phi < 0, \quad \cos \phi < 0 \quad \pi < \phi < \frac{3}{2}\pi$$

$$+ \quad A = \sqrt{(-1.5 \text{ mm})^2 + (-0.25 \text{ mm})^2} = 1.52 \text{ mm}$$

$$\div \quad \tan \phi = \frac{-1.5 \text{ mm}}{-0.25 \text{ mm}} = 6 \quad \phi = \tan^{-1}(6) = 1.4 \text{ rad}$$

$$\phi = 1.4 \text{ rad} + \pi \text{ rad} = 4.54 \text{ rad} (= 260^\circ)$$

$$\phi = 1.4 \text{ rad} - \pi \text{ rad} = -1.73 \text{ rad} (= -100^\circ)$$

$$x(t) = 1.52 e^{-2.3t} \sin(9.73t + 4.54) \text{ mm}$$

5. (a)  $T = 2 \text{ ms}$

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}} = 500 \text{ Hz}$$

(b)  $a_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} [2^2 \times 1 + (-2)^2 \times 1]} = 2 \text{ (mm/s}^2\text{)}$

6.  $\omega_n = (2\pi \text{ rad}) \times (4.0 \text{ /s}) = 25.1 \text{ rad/s}$

$$k = m \omega_n^2 = (1.58 \text{ kg})(25.1 \text{ rad/s}^2) = 995 \text{ N/m}$$

$$R^3 = \frac{G d^4}{64 n k} = \frac{(80 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2)(8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m})^4}{64(10)(995 \text{ N/m})} = 0.514 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$R = 0.801 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m} = 0.0801 \text{ m} = 80.1 \text{ mm}$$