

$$8.10 \quad W = 600 \text{ N}, \quad \alpha = 35^\circ, \quad \mu_s = 0.25, \quad \mu_k = 0.20, \quad \theta = 60^\circ$$

S; known W, α, μ_s, μ_k , unknown $P, \theta \Rightarrow$ 마찰각 ϕ_s, ϕ_k , 힘 삼각형, 삼각법

A; 마찰각 $\phi_s = \tan^{-1}(0.25) = 14.04^\circ$

$$\phi_k = \tan^{-1}(0.20) = 11.31^\circ$$

$$\text{smallest } P \Rightarrow \gamma = 90^\circ$$

(a) 미끄러져 올라가려 할 때

$$\beta = \alpha + \phi_s = 35^\circ + 14.04^\circ = 49.04^\circ$$

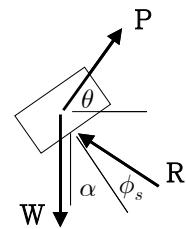
$$\theta' = 180^\circ - \gamma - \beta$$

$$= 180^\circ - 90^\circ - 49.04^\circ = 40.96^\circ$$

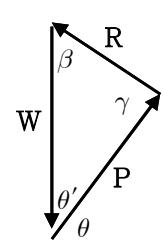
$$\theta = 90^\circ - \theta' = \beta = 49.04^\circ$$

M;

F.B.D.



force triangle



$$P = W \sin \beta = (600 \text{ N}) \sin 49.04^\circ = 453 \text{ N} \Rightarrow P = 453 \text{ N} \angle 49.0^\circ$$

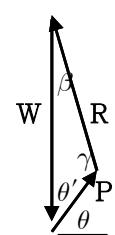
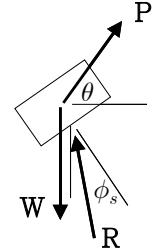
(b) 미끄러져 내려가려 할 때

$$\beta = \alpha - \phi_s = 35^\circ - 14.04^\circ = 20.96^\circ$$

$$\theta' = 180^\circ - \gamma - \beta$$

$$= 180^\circ - 90^\circ - 20.96^\circ = 69.04^\circ$$

$$\theta = 90^\circ - \theta' = \beta = 20.96^\circ$$



$$P = W \sin \beta = (600 \text{ N}) \sin 20.96^\circ = 215 \text{ N} \Rightarrow P = 215 \text{ N} \angle 21.0^\circ$$

R;(과정의 타당성) (가령, 올라가려 할 때와 내려가려 할 때 마찰각 방향)

T;(결과의 의미) (가령, 올라가려 할 때 P 가 내려가려 할 때 P 보다 큼)