

{5.1절}

5.6 S; 직사각판 + 위 $\frac{1}{4}$ 원판 - 아래 $\frac{1}{4}$ 원판

M;

A; ① 직사각판

$$A = (60 \text{ mm})(120 \text{ mm}) = 7,200 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\bar{x} = -30 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{y} = 60 \text{ mm}$$

② 위 $\frac{1}{4}$ 원판

$$A = \frac{1}{4}\pi(60 \text{ mm})^2 = 2,827 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{4}{3\pi}(60 \text{ mm}) = 25.46 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{y} = (120 \text{ mm}) - \frac{4}{3\pi}(60 \text{ mm}) = 94.54 \text{ mm}$$

③ 아래 $\frac{1}{4}$ 원판

$$A = -\frac{1}{4}\pi(60 \text{ mm})^2 = -2,827 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\bar{x} = -\frac{4}{3\pi}(60 \text{ mm}) = -25.46 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{4}{3\pi}(60 \text{ mm}) = 25.46 \text{ mm}$$

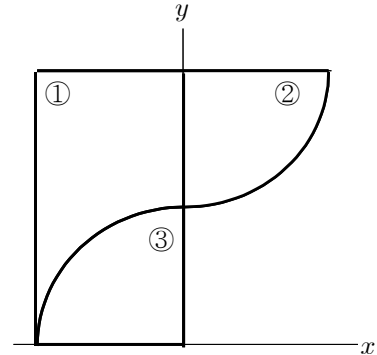
$$\Sigma A = (7,200 \text{ mm}^2) + (2,827 \text{ mm}^2) + (-2,827 \text{ mm}^2) = 7,200 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\Sigma(\bar{x}A) = (-30 \text{ mm})(7,200 \text{ mm}^2) + (25.46 \text{ mm})(2,827 \text{ mm}^2) + (-25.46 \text{ mm})(-2,827 \text{ mm}^2) = -72,049 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$\Sigma(\bar{y}A) = (60 \text{ mm})(7,200 \text{ mm}^2) + (94.54 \text{ mm})(2,827 \text{ mm}^2) + (25.46 \text{ mm})(-2,827 \text{ mm}^2) = 627,289 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\Sigma(\bar{x}A)}{\Sigma A} = \frac{-72,049 \text{ mm}^3}{7,200 \text{ mm}^2} = -10.007 \text{ mm}$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{\Sigma(\bar{y}A)}{\Sigma A} = \frac{627,289 \text{ mm}^3}{7,200 \text{ mm}^2} = 87.12 \text{ mm} \Rightarrow \text{centroid} = (-10.01 \text{ mm}, 87.1 \text{ mm})$$



R; (과정의 타당성 검토) (가령, 다르게 분할 하는 방안)

T; (결과의 의미 검토) (가령, 도심 좌표의 위치)