

{2.2절}

2.42 [직각성분 합에 의한 힘의 합성]

$$P = 60 \text{ N}, \quad Q = 80 \text{ N}, \quad S = 120 \text{ N}$$

$$\beta = 20^\circ, \quad \phi = 0$$

(a) $\alpha = ?$, (b) $R = ?$

(a) S; (전략)

M; 자유물체도 (F.B.D.)

$$A; \quad R_n = Q \sin \alpha - S \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{S}{Q} = \frac{120 \text{ N}}{80 \text{ N}} = 1.50$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \tan^{-1}(1.50) = 56.3^\circ$$

R; (과정의 타당성)

T; (결과 검토)

(b) S; (전략)

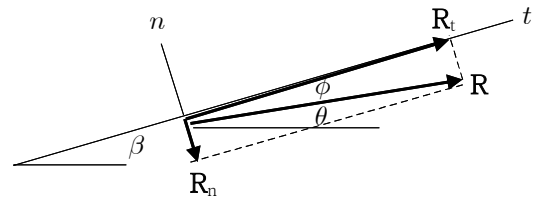
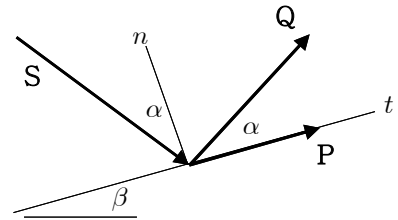
M; 자유물체도 (F.B.D.)

$$A; \quad R_t = P + Q \cos \alpha + S \sin \alpha$$

$$= (60 \text{ N}) + (80 \text{ N}) \cos 56.3^\circ + (120 \text{ N}) \sin 56.3^\circ$$

$$= 204.2 \text{ N}$$

자유물체도 (F.B.D.)



R; (과정의 타당성)

T; (결과 검토)

$$\Rightarrow R = 204 \text{ N}$$