

{9.1~9.5 }

$$9.3 \quad x = k(y+c)^2$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} (0, b) & 0 = k(b+c)^2 & c = -b \\ (a, 2b) & a = k(2b-b)^2 & k = \frac{a}{b^2} \\ & & x = \frac{a}{b^2}(y-b)^2 \end{array}$$

< 1>

$$\begin{aligned} dI_y &= \frac{1}{3}x^3 dy \\ I_y &= \int_b^{2b} \frac{1}{3}x^3 dy = \frac{1}{3} \int_b^{2b} \left[\frac{a}{b^2}(y-b)^2 \right]^3 dy = \frac{a^3}{3b^6} \int_b^{2b} (y-b)^6 dy \\ &= \frac{a^3}{3b^6} \left[\frac{1}{7}(y-b)^7 \right]_b^{2b} = \frac{a^3}{21b^6} [(2b-b)^7 - (b-b)^7]_b^{2b} = \frac{1}{21}a^3 b \end{aligned}$$

< 2>

$$\begin{aligned} I_y &= \int x^2 dA = \int_b^{2b} \int_0^{\frac{a}{b^2}(y-b)^2} x^2 dx dy = \int_b^{2b} \left[\frac{1}{3}x^3 \right]_0^{\frac{a}{b^2}(y-b)^2} dy \\ &= \int_b^{2b} \left[\frac{1}{3}x^3 \right]_0^{\frac{a}{b^2}(y-b)^2} dy = \int_b^{2b} \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{a}{b^2}(y-b)^2 \right]^3 dy = \int_b^{2b} \frac{1}{3} \frac{a^3}{b^6} (y-b)^6 dy \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \frac{a^3}{b^6} \left[\frac{1}{7}(y-b)^7 \right]_b^{2b} = \frac{1}{21} \frac{a^3}{b^6} [(2b-b)^7 - (b-b)^7] = \frac{1}{21}a^3 b \end{aligned}$$

$$9.18 \quad y_1 = k\sqrt{x}$$

$$(a, 2b) \quad 2b = k\sqrt{a} \quad k = \frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} \quad y_1 = \frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{x}$$

$$y_2 = c x$$

$$(a, b) \quad b = c a \quad c = \frac{b}{a} \quad y_2 = \frac{b}{a} x$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 2 \int_0^a (y_1 - y_2) dx = 2 \int_0^a \left(\frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{b}{a} x \right) dx = 2b \left[\frac{4}{3\sqrt{a}} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{2a} x^2 \right]_0^a \\ &= 2b \left(\frac{4}{3\sqrt{a}} a^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{2a} a^2 \right) = \frac{5}{3} ab \end{aligned}$$

$$dI_y = x^2 (y_1 - y_2) dx = x^2 \left(\frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{x} - \frac{b}{a} x \right) dx = \left(\frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{b}{a} x^3 \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_x &= 2 \int_0^a \left(\frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} x^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{b}{a} x^3 \right) dx = 2 \left[\frac{2b}{\sqrt{a}} \frac{2}{7} x^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{b}{a} \frac{1}{4} x^4 \right]_0^a = 2 \left(\frac{4b}{7\sqrt{a}} a^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{b}{4a} a^4 \right) \\ &= 2 \left(\frac{4b}{7} a^3 - \frac{b}{4} a^3 \right) = 2 \left(\frac{4}{7} - \frac{1}{4} \right) ab^3 = \frac{9}{14} a^3 b \end{aligned}$$

$$k_y = \sqrt{\frac{I_y}{A}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{9}{14} a^3 b}{\frac{5}{3} ab}} = \sqrt{\frac{27}{70} a} = 0.621 a$$

$$9.25 \text{ (a)} \quad dA = \frac{3\pi}{2} r dr$$
$$J_O = \int r^2 dA = \int_{R_1}^{R_2} r^2 \frac{3\pi}{2} r dr = \frac{3\pi}{2} \int_{R_1}^{R_2} r^3 dr = \frac{3\pi}{2} \left[\frac{1}{4} r^4 \right]_{R_1}^{R_2} = \frac{3\pi}{8} (R_2^4 - R_1^4)$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad J_O = I_x + I_y$$
$$I_x = I_y = \frac{1}{2} J_O = \frac{1}{2} \frac{3\pi}{8} (R_2^4 - R_1^4) = \frac{3\pi}{16} (R_2^4 - R_1^4)$$